#### THE TIMES

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THE CIRCULATION OF THE TIMES IS LARGER THAN EVER BEFORE IN ITS HISTORY, AND IS STEADILY IN-

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1893.

# SIX PAGES.

#### MEETINGS TO-NIGHT.

Joppa Lodge Mosons, Masonic Temple. Richmond Chapter, R. A., Masonic Hall. Virginia Lodge, K. of P., Gatewood's Friendship Lodge, K. of P., Owen's Hall. Aurora Lodge, I. O. O. F., Ellett's Hall. Henderson Lodge, I. O. O. F., Toney's

Manteo Tribe, I. O. R. M., Kerse's Hall. Pawnee Tribe, I. O. R. M., Odd-Fellows' Hall.

A. W. Glinn Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall. Davis Council, Jr. O. U. A. M., 8th and Hull. Iron Moulders' Union, Eagle Hall.

Iron Moulders' Union, Eagle Hall.
Virginia Council, R. A., Powhatan Hall.
McCarthy Council, R. A., Lee Camp Hall.
Marshall Court, E. L. of A., Ellett's Hall.
East End Court, E. L. of A., 415 N. Twenty-fifth street.

Cynthus Grove, U. A. O. D., Cersley's Liberal Grove, U. A. O. D., Druid's Hall-Monroe Grove, U. A. O. D., Belvidere Hall.

Richmond Lodge, Elks, Concordia Hall. Stationary Engineers, Jr. O. U. A. M. Jefferson Lodge, I. O. G. T., Powell's

Soldiers' Home Lodge, L. O. G. T., Sol-Patrick's Beneficial Society, Twenty-

sixth and Grace. Vest End Beneficial and Social Society, Stuart Horse Guards, Snyder Building,

ONE OF THE FALSEHOODS NAILED,

We have so often exposed the false statements that are made in regard to the silver demonetizing act of 1873, only to hear the same statements repeated over and over again, that we have lost all heart in the endeavor to make the facts out of which that act grew generally understood, and we consequently pass by, usually, the repetition of those false statements when we now hear them or see them in print. At the urgent request of a friend, however, we will dispose of one of them this morning, though we know perfectly well that the Populists will be found repeating it still, notwithstanding the exposure. To supply a motive for the fraud that is alleged to have been perpetrated in pass-

in bribing the demonetizing act through Congress. Now, it so happens that Mr. Ernest Seyd is a very distinguished writer on financial topics and a bi-metallist, who had, before 1873, published a book called "Suggestions in Reference to the Metallic Currency of the United States", in which book he had argued very earnestly for bi-

ing the demonetizing act, the Populists

allege that the English, who were interest-

ed to demonstize silver and thereby an-

of \$500,000 and sent it here by an agent

metallism. Not only so, but, instead of taking part in an attempt to secure the passage of our demonetizing act of 1873, he was particularly active in endeavoring to defeat

Mr. Samuel Hooper, of Massachesetts, was the Chairman of the Committee on Coinage, Weights and Measures in the House of Representatives in 1873, and he had charge of the demonetizing act. He explained all of its provisions very thoroughly to the House, as the records of Congress show, and made the House understand very thoroughly that the bill which he was pressing demonstized silver. While he was shaping and digesting the bill, he sent a copy of it to this same Mr. Ernest Seyd for his criticism and remarks. Mr. Seyd wrote him in 1872 a very elaborate review of the bill which Mr. Hooper has recently put in the hands of Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, and that Senator, by leave of the Senate, printed it in the Congresional Record of August 23rd, 1803. (It was inproduced on August 22nd, and apears, therefore, in the Record of August 23rd.) It is now amongst the files of the Senate, and can be seen by any one, in Mr. Seyd's handwriting. We quote some pasages from it. It begins:

"LA PRINCESS STREET BANK

your coinage bill for the United States, to be sent to me, and you express a wish to receive a criticism on its provisions.

"Sec. 15. I now come to the most important part of the bill; that of the valuation which, according to section 15, omits the coinage of the silver dollar, and confirms the debased silver coinage of half dol-lars and below, under the tender limit of \$5. I am aware, of course, that through the amendment of 1833, the same debased coinage was already established, but although the actual coinage of the silver dollar had practically ceased, still the piece was not abolished by law. As this new bill presumably repeals all pre-vious enactments, I suppose that the total abolition of the silver dollar is contem-

plated.
"In my book (Suggestions) I enter fully into the discussion of this matter and show the gigantic consequences to international as well as national trade through the demonstization of silver, to which the United Stats would thus lend a helping hand, and for a number of years this subject of the abolition of silver as tender coin has occupied the attention of European ecoromists. It is the question of the age, and takes precedence of every other matter involved in monetary

"The great portion of English economists defend the gold valuation, but reveral of them have lately core over to my views; and one of them, the most important and a staunch defender of English institutions, to whom I shall presently allude, has agreed with me as to the advisability has agreed with me as to the advisability of modifying the English gold valuation, which is even less strict than that adopted by your bill for America. These pages do not afford room for the whole discussion of the subject, therefore I beg you will read parts of the books quieted, so as to form an opinion of it.

"Apart from the theory, why should America have given up her sliver dollars? The cause of its disappearance from

America have given up her silver dol-lar? The cause of its disappearance from circulation is due to the original error of there being too much silver in the piece (see page 52 of Suggestions); that cause would have been removed if the dollar weighed 400 grains, that being the true proportion of 1 to 151-2 gold to silver, instead of 412 i-2 grains, as by the old law. "Why should it not be introduced at its true full weight of 400 grains and be-come again one of the active agents of its true full weight of 400 grains and ce-come again one of the active agents of commerce? The charge of weight as against the individual piece does not hold good when two half-dollars are of nearly equal weight and same value. Railways and steam transport large mannes with great facility when compared with pre-

'Do you fear its undue exportation? If "Do you fear its undue exportation? If so, exported America will get its equivalent for it, and the rich silver mines of the country can give any fresh supply of it; therefore, the more it is exported the better it is for America." I think that the United States, with both her gold and silver mines, is in the eminently favorable position of upholding the

full use of both gold and silver, and that the double valuation (as it existed before) would be of great benefit to the country; but you may, nevertheless, giving way to the one-sided arguments of English economists, incline to the gold valuation and express the fear 'that if America and express the fear that if America adopts the silver dollar and lays itself open to the coining of these pleces for the public to whatever quantity of silver may be sent in from coinage from abroad, and if full legal tender value is given to such pieces, it may be placed in danger of losing gold and obtaining too much silver

"I venture therefore to recommend to you the introduction of these clauses in favor of the silver dollar. At all events, I hope you will fully investigate this sub-ject before you commit America to this course of the one-sided gold valuation."

The letter is very long, but it is a most persuasive and powerful argument. from beginning to end, for bi-metallism at the ratio of 15 1-2 to 1. Every Populist can read it himself in the Congressional Record for August 23rd, 1893, which his Congressman will send him. Nevertheless, we shall see them going right along with the statement that Ernest Seyd bribed the United States Congress to demonetize

#### SOME INTERESTING FIGURES.

The national banking law requires the Comptroller of the Currency, in addition to reporting on the condition of the naonal banks, to procure and publish in his annual report to Congress statements exhibiting the condition of banks organized under State laws. The Comptroller has, of course, no power to compel them to make reports to him, so that his information is not complete, though it is very full. The Comptroller's report for 1893 is not yet out, and we are not fortunate enough to have his report for 1892 at hand. We have his report for 1891, however, and take some facts in this connection from it, and there is probably no variance from it of importance in the present state of affairs. At page 79 of his report he states that the State banks have \$805,901,113 loaned out on real estate. On page 80 he states the loans of the State savings banks on real estate at \$697.583. 977. Here, then, is this immense sum of \$1,493,495,090 loaned from State banks on real estate, not one cent of which could have been borrowed from the national banks. This ought at once to show the difference between the way in which the national banks serve the people and the way a State bank system would serve them. The State banks are at the homes preciate the value of gold, raised a fund of the people, and they know how to accomodate themselves to the needs of the named Ernest Seyd, who spent the fund

THE PRIMARY CAN BE MADE TO WORK In providing for a primary election to elect delegates to a convention, which convention will nominate our candidates for the Legislature, the City Committee recognized the principle that the people have a right to choose their own representatives, yet they prepared for its being put into practical effect by the most objectionable of methods. The true and sensible way is for the people to vote directly for those who are to represent them. There is no sense in interjecting between them and their representatives another body of representatives. Still, we supose that some over-sensitive committee-man more interested in preserving what they call their consistency, than in truly representing their constituents, were unwilling to go the whole and proper length of wholly undoing their hasty and unwise action of last spring, and they therefore yielded to the popular demand for a primary, holding on to the shadow of a convention, and

making a miserable straddle. The present method of a primary falls very far short of what the people demand, and it is capable of being made an instrument of as gross fraud and wrong as the ward meetings. But it is also capable of being so managed and conducted as to secure the people a convention that will select candidates for the Legislature that will truly represent the city.

A primary of this sort is liable to be made the tool of a "slate" in the following way: A candidate for the Senate. a candidate for the Court of Appeals, a "Dear Sir:—Tou were kind enough to forward to Mr. Alfred Latham a copy of candidate for the Histings Court, and one for the Circuit Court agree tegether to co-operate in carrying the primary. They

pick out men for the convention in Madison Ward, all of whom will agree to vote in the convention for a candidate for the Legislature who will vote in the Legislature for all four of those persons to be Senators, Judge of the Court of Appeals, Judge of the Hustings Court and Judge of the Circuit Court. They do the same thing for each of the other wards. This ticket is then pressed on the voters by all the friends of the candidates for those offices and by the friends of the individuals named for the convention. Being backed by solid shots this ticket will be elected inevitably all over the city. The people will be nominally, therefore, electing their own representatives to the convention, but they will be representatives pledged beforehand to send to the Legislature persons who are going to vote for the specified persons to be Senator, Judge of the Court of Appeals, Judge of the Hustings Court, and Judge of the Circuit Court. The people will be running the thing nominally, but the candidates

for these offices will be running it really This thing will certainly be done unless it is checkmated, and the people have it easily within their power to checkmate it thus: A people's ticket for each ward should be selected, and all the people who want an unpledged .convention should be invited to vote for that ticket. A committee, to consist of citizens who represent every element and interest of our population, should select that ticket. As starting the movement, The Times suggests that Major Lewis Ginter, Col. W. H. Palmer, Messrs. W. S. Woodson, J. C. Dickerson and B. B. Munford meet together and select a ticket for each ward to be voted for as the People's Ticket to represent us in the convention. The Times invites an expression of popular opinion upon the suggestion.

#### JUSTICE JOHN'S COURT.

Two Colored Individuals Badly Hurt in a Fracas.

Another hot day for sinners, though the crimes were trival, and his Honor was lenient in extracting fines from the poor unfortunates. Isaac Hall (colored) was sent to the

Isaac Hall (colored) was sent to the
Hustings Court for being on intimate
terms with another man's wife, and the
woman received a like fate.

John Moore will have a hearing later
on the charge of "swiping" some dress
patterns and \$1\$ in United States currency
from an acquaintance of his, and Ida
Lindsay (colored) was required to part with \$3.80 for being disorderly and trespassing on the premises of Irene Aytes.

Lizzie Smith (colored) was adjudged an ordinary street ambler, for which she paid something like \$3.50, while Willie Page (colored) was turned over to the

tender mercies of the Hustings Court for ent on to the Hustings Court for striking fracas was published in vesterday's Times. This closed the game, and the Court ad-ourned to discuss the recent peculiar

#### doings of the City Democratic Committee Married at St. James.

Miss May Fleming Saunders and Mr. J. Walter Parkins, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony yesterday evening at 6 o'clock at St. James Episcopal Church. Rev. Preston Nash performed the ceremony, assisted by Rev. Mr. Wharton. The edifice was well filled with relatives and friends of the couple The bride was attired in a gown of white mourning sik, trimmed with gross grain ribbons, and her maid of honor. Miss Maute Saunders, were a costume of white silk, also trimmed with ribbons. The bride, an attractive young lady, carried a white leather prayer-book. The best man was Mr. E. L. Roden.

The ushers were: Messrs. Thomas Has. Miss May Fleming Saunders and Mr. J. Wal-

Roden.

The ushers were: Messrs, Thomas Haskins Bigger, C. B. Roden, Newton McAlpin, and J. E. Hall.

The couple left on a night train for the World's Fair, and will return to Richmond by way of Niagara Falls. Many presents

were received by the couple.

The groom is connected with the State Land Office, and is a young man of considerable popularity.

Base Ball This Afternoon. The Collegians and the Forest Hillites will me t on the Chesterfield diamond this afternoon at 5 o'clock. It is to be a battle

To-morrow afternoon the Hillites and the Farmers will play on the Dinwiddie dia-On Saturday afternoon the Forest Hillites

and the Collegions wil pray at Chesterfield and at Petersburg, the Farmers and Colts wili play.

New that the season is fast drawing to a

close, the games mentioned above will be fought with all the vigor that well-trained men can put into them, and there is every reason to believe that they will compare with any games played this season. Let there be no kicking or wranglings. Let everything glide along as peacefully as a ship on the placid bosom of Shockos creek. Copartnership Formed.

Messrs. Silas Shelburne and Fred W. Scott have formed a copartnership under the name of Shelburn & Scott for the pur-

#### sales of tobacco. The firm is open and ready for the new buyers, and are in every war prepared to handle the crop to the interest of their oustomers.

pose of conducting the tobacco commosi business. Mr. Shelburne will give his p sonal attention «specially to the details

Looking For a Paster. The committee appointed by the Third Christian Church to secure a pastor, have invited liev. L. M. Omer, of Kentucky, to preach in that church Sunday, September 17th, and it is probable that he will then be extended a formal call. extended a formal call.

Rev. Mr. Omer was in charge of the
Christian Church at Chiton Forge for three Christian Church at Clifton torge for three years, and is well known in Virginia.

#### Visitors at the Capital.

Among the visitors at the Capital yes-terday were the following: Cotonel R. E. Marshall, of Portsmouth; Louis Jones, Treasurer of Midlesex; Morgan Treat, exmember of the House of Delegates from King William; Lucius Major, of Mid-dlesex; P. W. Reherd, Treasurer of Rockirgham; Thomas E. Watkins, Common-wealth's Attorney of Charlotte; Captain A. J. Read, of Accomac.

#### Property Transfers.

Richmond-Maria Bainan to James Me-Donough, 25 feet on Buchanan street, corner Lownes, running back to Littlepaige, \$100.0

Leonard J. Koster and wife and Louis H. Ko-ter to W. A. Seal, 15 feet on west side of handolph street, near Claiborne, \$1,125.0. Henrico—Highland Park Company to John J. Bendall, lot 22 in square, 37, \$1,500,00.

#### Soldiers' Reception. The Soldiers' Club will have a reception to-night, to which all the military of the

city are invited.

This organization is not intended as an adjunct to the First Regiment, but every soldier in the city is eligible to membership and it is hoped those from other branches city are invited. of the service will join.

#### Attacked by Vertigo.

Mr. John P. Thompson, principal of the Navy Hill Public school, was attacked with vertigo at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon while walking along the street and fell at the corner of Ninth and Clay streets, quite painfully injuring his head and face. He was assisted home by friends,

The Hebrew New Year. The Hebrew New Year will begin next Sunday afternoon at sunset. It is a day of festivity and will be appropriately celebrated in the synagogues of this city. The entire week is devoted to gayety and merry mak-ing.

## CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

IT WILL BE MODIFIED BY . CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Agreed Upon Once, it Will Go to the Next Session of the Legislature for Concurrence.

Among the duties already laid out which will have to be performed by the Legislature during the next session will be the consideration of a joint resolution agreed to by the two branches of the General Assembly during its last session. The resolution proposes an amendment to the tenth clause of article I of the Constitution of Virginia and was approved by Governor McKinney on February 19th,

The joint resolution was offered during the last session of the Legislature in consequence of the decision of the Court of Appeals in what is known as the Miller case, which held that in all capital and criminal prosecutions the accused shall have the right to be tried by jury. Formerly minor offenses were finally dis-posed of by the police justice or magistrate without reference to a higher court, but this recent decision gives each accused the privilege to appeal to the higher court, thereby largely increasing the ex-penses of the Commonwealth.

The joint resolution which intends to modify the Constitution and reduce the expenses on the part of the State, reads as follows:

1. Resolved by the Senate and House of Delegates in majority of the mombers

Delegates (a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses agreeing elected to each of the two houses and thereto). That the following amendment to the Constitution of Virginia be, and is hereby proposed, and is hereby referred to the General Assembly to be chosen at the next general election of senators and members of the House of Delegates for its concurrence, in conformity with the provisions of Sec. I of Art. 12 of said Constitution, viz: Strike out from the Constitution of Virginia the tenth clause of Art. I, which is in the following words: of Art. I, which is in the following.

10. That in all capital or criminal prosecutions a man bath a right to demand the cause and nature of his accusation, to be confronted with the accusers and witnesses, to call for evidence in his favor, and to a speedy trial by an impartial jury of his vicinage, without whose confirms consecutive cannot be found.

partial jury of his vicinage, without whose unanimous consent he cannot be found guilty; nor can he be compelled to give evidence against himself; that no man be deprived of his liberty, except by the law of the land or the judgment of his pieces.

And insert in lieu thereof the following:

10. That in all capital or criminal procecutions a man hath a right to demand the cause and nature of his accusation, to be confronted with the accusers and witnesses, to call for eviaccusers and witnesses, to call for evi-dence in his favor, and to a speedy trial by an impartial jury of his vicinage, with out whose unanimous consent he cannot be found guilty, but the General Assembly may, by law, provide for the trial otherwise than by a jury of a man accused of a criminal offence not punishable by death or confinement in the penitentlary nor can he be compelled to give evidence against himself; that no man be deprived of his liberty except by the law of the land or the judgment of his peers. 2. Resolved, That the clerk of the Sen-

or the clerk of the House of Dele gates, or, if a vacancy hapen in both of raid offices, the presiding officer of either est of the General Asembly, be au thorized and required to cause this proto be published in one newspaper pub-lished in each of the cities of the Commonwealth having more than ten thou-sand inhabitants, once a week for three consecutive months previous to the time of choosing the members of the General Assembly at the next general election of senators and members of the House of

solved. That the clerk of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Delegates and the clerk of the House of Delegates be required to transmit to the General Assembly, to be chosen at the next general election of senutors and members of the House of Delegates, a certified copy of said proposed amendment and of these resolutions, together with certificates of publication by the publishers of the newspapers in which said proposed amendment shall have been published. When this resolution has been agreed to by both Houses during the next session

to by both Houses during the next session of the Legislature, it will be submitted to the suffrage of the people in this State the manner provided in Sec. 12, of the Constitution. T section has the following:

section has the following:
"Any amendment or amendments to
the Constitution may be proposed in the
Senate and House of Delegates, and if he same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the wo Houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be entered on their ournals, with the ayes and nays taken hereon, and referred to the General Assembly to be chosen at the next gen published for three months previous the time of making such choice. And if in the next General Assembly such pro-posed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each House, then it shall be the duty of the General Assembly to submit such proposed amendment or and at such times as the General Assembly shall prescribe, and if the people shall approve and ratify such amend-ment or amendments by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become part of the Constitution."

#### Typographical Errors.

In the report of the meeting of the Committee on Schools published in yesterday's Times a typographical error crept in. The writer stated that M sars, West & Branch writer stated that M sars. West & Branch had served notice on the committee of a mechanics' lien on the new Central school building,now in course of erection on North Twelfth street, to secure their claim for work done amounting to \$6,235,00. This sum appeared in first, by mistake, as \$62.35.

Later on the writer stated that an application of Messrs, Joseph Heppert & Co. the general contractors, was considered, which asked for the granting of an allowance of \$1,782,00 on the work siready done. This amount was represented in print as \$17.82.

amount was represented in print as \$17.82.

During the meeting of the Committee it was stared by several members that Messrs. West a Branch had given notice of a me-chanics lien to be pla ed on the Central school building to secure their claim for the work that was completed and ready to be put in the building when the same is suffi-

Mesars. West & Branch state that the purport of their letter has been misunderstood, and that they have not placed, nor do they intend to place, a lien on the school building.

#### Still They Come.

The following Sheriffs called at the Auditor's offlice yesterday to settle up their accounts, after delivering convicts at the penitentiary: Sheriff V. H. Law, of Rockingham, who handed over John Wright, colored, sentenced to two years for house entering; Sheriff George W. Zirkle, of Roanoke county, who delivered Henry Creasy, colored, sentenced to three years for house breaking; Sheriff J. W. Williams, of Southampton, who delivered Douglas Hicks, sentenced to eight years for house breaking. for house breaking.

#### Thanking The Governor,

Dr. William Peffer, of Philadelphia President of the Pan-American Medica edngress, now in session at Washington, has written to Mr. McLeod, private secretary of the Governor, expresing his thanks to Governor McKinney for the prompt appointment of a full number of delegates from Virginia. The writer declares the congress to be a brilliant suc-

Horsford's Acid Phosphate from over-exertion. Try it.

THE TIMES" DAILY FASHION HINTS.

My Lady Wears it When She Stirs Abroad Strange Countries for to See.



When Petruchio set about dressing cut his shrewish Catherine—then, good lack, no longer shrewish—one item of apparel was "sleeves curiously cut". If nowadays the good man set about making his bride finer than Friday there is no doubt he would find that curious cutting pertain-ed to much more than sleeves. For have we not a promise of skirts absolutely seamless, cut from specially woven stuff enormously wide, with just a snip at the middle to let the wearer's head and shoulders through, which ship is elabor-ately buttoned over at one side and makes the skirt's sole upper trimming. The place at the botom is of course enermous. One crowning mercy ontre style is that if the amateur maker attempts it, even with a pattern, the result will be so calculated to make gods weep and men swear as to be ab-

solutely unwearable.

Wherefore it is likely that we shall escape those intolerable carteatures of the seamless skirts which make many other styles painfully evanescent. It is quite as likely, though, that the basque joined by a waist-scam to the summer's round bodice will ramp and ravage and riot from the East unto the West. The prospect is truly appalling, since only to about one woman in 19,000 is it given to have finger tips capable of giving such confections the proper set, and at least ninety and nine women in the hundred look, when dressed, in such fashion as though they and their garments had together suffered surgery of the heroic sort. the East unto the West. The prospect i

Here's a cape coat, madames, for maids and matrons all. It is meant for a traveland matrons and it is meant for a trave-ling garment and is properly made of col-ored cloth-cinnamon, pearl, drab, fawn, blue or clive green. The skirt fastens in-visibly and ends in two scant frills below the upper edge. It has five big white but-tons on the double-breasted bodice, the revers are faced with silk, and open it a deep V overlaid bib. Outside of them comes a soft double fichu of the same silk, which fills all the space betwixt col-lar and sleeve. Altogether it is a wonder fully taking garment-whence beauty may go beautifully-and ugliness find that relief of style.

#### For the Thirteen Club.

A musical entertainment was given on A musical entertainment was given on Monday evening at Corcoran Hall for the benefit of the Thirteen Club, by the grand specialty company, and an attractive programme was presented. The gent emen who took active part in the entertainment were Messrs. Cowardin, Dudley, Leis, Wilson, Kindervater, Payne, Metzger, Boehme, Wright, Jenkins, Biankenship, Bingle, Meades, Car, er, Malloy, Davis, Day, Clark and He Cabe.

### A House-Breaker Partoned.

Governor McKinney resterday pardoned John W. Hairston, who in March, 1888, was sentenced in the Smythe County Court to serve a term of two years in the penitentiary. This being his second conviction, Hairston received an additional sentence of five years in the Circuit Court of this city. The Governor granted his pardon solely on account of ill-health ascertified by the physician of the institution. cian of the institution.

#### A Good Thing to Keep at Hand.

(From the Troy (Kan) Chief. (From the Troy (Kan) Chief.
Some years ago we were very much
gubject to severe spells of cholera morbus;
and now, when we feel any of the symptoms that usually preced that aliment,
such as sickness at the stomach, diarrhoca, etc., we become scary. We have
found Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy the very thing to
straighten one out in such cases, and
always keep it about. We are not writing this for a pay testimonial, but to let
our readers know what is a good thing our readers know what is a good thing to keep handy in the house. For sale by Owens Minor Drug Co., P. M. Slaughter, E. P. Reeves & Co., and H. G. Forstmann.

# A full line of Jewish New Year cards at R. G. Myer's book store, 100 east Broad street, corner of First. Mail orders promptly filled.

For a clear head and steady nerves Take Bromo-Seltzer-trial bottle 10 cts Reecham's Pills correct bad effects of

Are you all tired out, do you have that tired feeling or sick headathe? You can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve and bodily strength. Hood's Pills are easy in action.

> Planes and Organs for Schools. R. B. LEE.

> Successor to RYLAND & LAE 805 E. Main St., (Pace Block) Special Prices for 30 days,

Neuralgic headache promptly cured by Bromo-Seltzer-trial bottle 10 cents.

GRANULATED SUGAR, 54c. I Salt Pork, 10c. a pound. Rio Roasted Coffee, isc. per pound. Four plugs of best Sun Cured Tobacco

Pure Lard, 3 pounds for 25c. Best City Meal, 60c. a bushel. Good Tea, 25c. a pound. Arbuckle's Arlosa Coffee, 23c. a pound. Eight bars Large Soap for 25 ound Boxes Best Baking Powders, 10c. New North Carolina Cut Herrings, 10c.

New North Caronna Cut Herrings, loc.

a dozen:
Pure Cider Vinegar, 25c. gallon.
Pure Mixed Spices, 20c. pound.
Carolina Rice, 5c. a pound.
California Hams 19c. a pound.
New North Carolina Roe Herrings,
115 dozen for 25c.
Snow Flake Flour, \$3.75 a barrel or
25c. a sack.
Sliver King Flour, best sold, \$4.25 a
barrel or 28c. a sack.
Two Cans Salmon for 25c.
S. ULLMAN'S SON,
1820 and 1822 east Main.

Phone 3.6. Price-List mailed on application.

Many Persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters Rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. Get the genuine.

# WOODWARD &

# Dry Goods Store

CORNER BROAD AND ADAMS STREETS.

#### THE LOOK AHEAD!

The Fall of 1893 is astonishingly near and with it comes new responsibilities and new

The more people expect from the Temple Store, the better we are pleased and the greater will be our effort.

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